

The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (Set up by an Act of Parliament)







Women & Young Members Excellence Committee

Organises

Sky High Symposium-78



CA. Priti Paras Savla Chairperson, WYMEC, ICAI



CA. Abhay Chhajed Vice Chairman, WYMEC, ICAI

Key Recent Rulings in Transfer Pricing

CA Shazia Khatri November 2023



TP Litigations - Generally High Pitched and Prolonged

TRANSFER PRIING – KEY FOCUS DURING SCRUTINY SINCE 2001

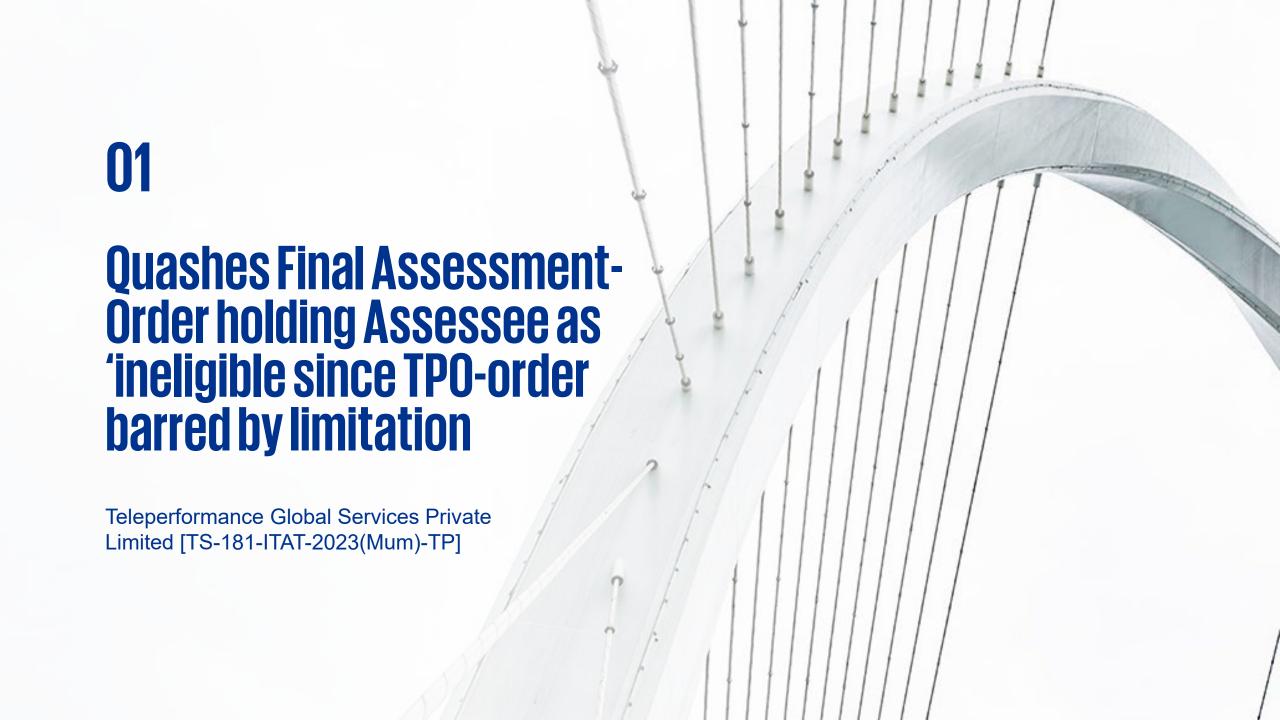
Contributors to Aggressive Audits:

- Mounting fiscal demand on Government
- Need to Preserve tax base
- Unprecedented sharing of information between revenue authorities

Area of Litigation

- Whether AE relationship triggered / International Transaction?
- Selection of Methods
- Selection of Filters
- Selection of Comparable
- Adjustments and Margin Computation





Facts

1 November 2019

- TPO passed an order u/s. 92CA(3) of the Act for AY 2016-17
- ALP adjustments in respect of provision of IT enabled services; interest on loan given to AE; and provision of guarantee.

27 December 2019

- The draft
 assessment order
 was passed by the
 AO under Section
 143(3) r.w.s. 144C of
 the Act .
- Determining the total income of the
 Assessee at INR 259
 crs which includes
 the addition made by
 the TPO;
 disallowance of
 depreciation on
 intangible asset; and
 disallowance u/s.14A
 of the Act.

20 March 2021

The DRP issued directions u/s.144C(5) of the Act

17 April 2021

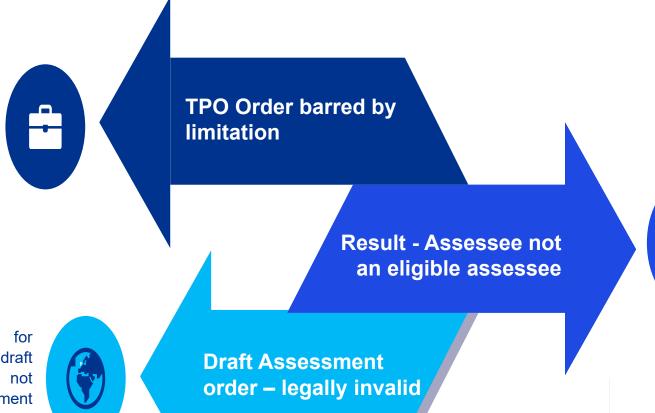
Pursuant to the directions of the DRP, the AO passed the final assessment order under Section 143(3) r.w.s. 144C(13) of the Act

Findings in the Judgement

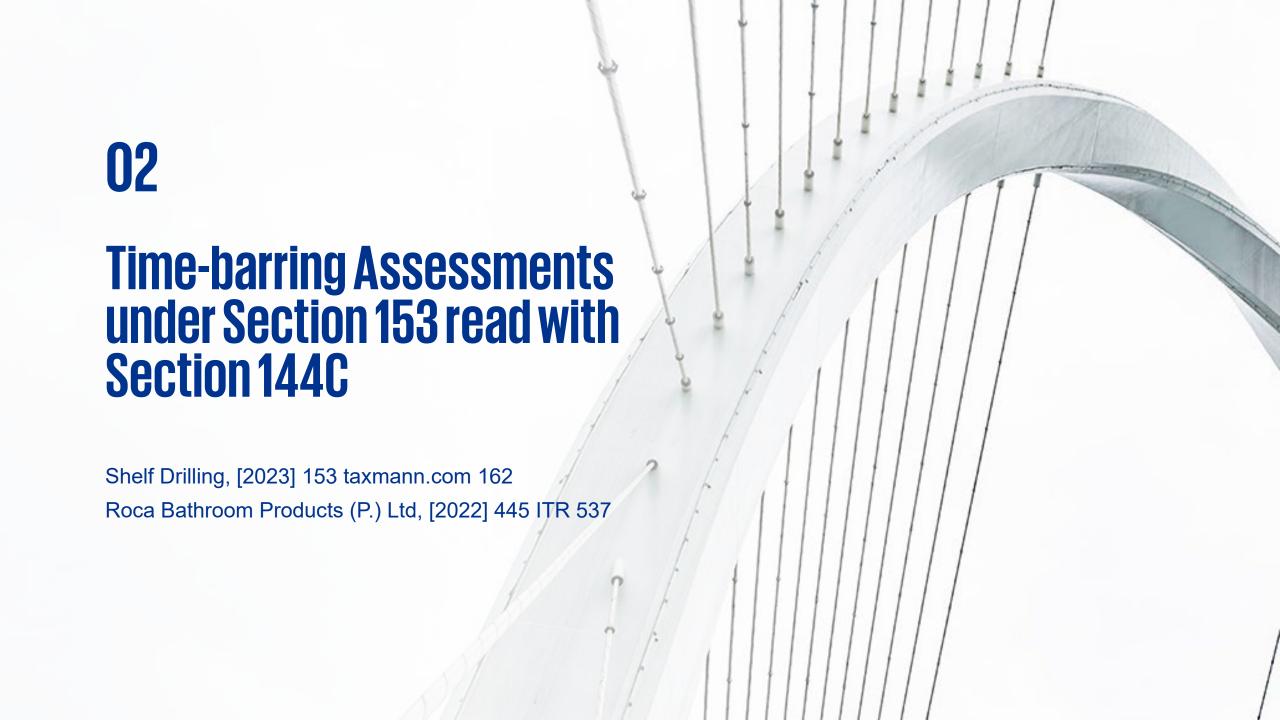
Section 92CA(3A) - TPO to pass order at any time before 60 days prior to the date on which period of limitation under Section 153 for making the order of assessment expires, i.e., TPO is bound to pass an order for AY 2016-17 on or before 31.10.2019

Pfizer Healthcare India (P.) Ltd 433 ITR 28 (Madras)

foundation The verv draft proceeding to pass the assessment order does survive - The draft assessment order passed in the instant case legally invalid and becomes all consequential hence, proceedings on the basis of the said order fail.



Since TPO's order is barred by limitation, then the Assessee would be outside the ambit of becoming "eligible assessee" u/s.144C(15)(b)(i) of the Act



Shelf Drilling, [2023] 153 taxmann.com 162 ((Bombay HC)-AY 2014-15, 2018-19



AY2014-15, Tribunal remands to the AO for fresh consideration (October 4, 2019).



The Court holds that Non obstante clause in S. 144C(4) and 144C(13) is limited.



The AO passed draft order on September 28, 2021. Assessee on a without-prejudice basis, files an objection before DRP and simultaneously files a W.P. before the HC.



Time limit prescribed in S.153 will prevail over time limit given in S.144C.



Assessee contends that draft order is time-barred (S.153) as time limit expired on September 30, 2021 (for second round).



Assessment to be concluded within 12 months (S.153(3)) when there has been remand (to AO by Tribunal) under S 254.

Shelf Drilling, [2023] 153 taxmann.com 162 ((Bombay HC)-AY 2014-15, 2018-19

HC while dealing with remand proceedings, observed as follows for AY 2018-19:

"Here also the same major ground of challenge arises, viz, that the final assessment order of assessment has to be passed within the period of limitation set out in Section 153 of the Act even if the provisions of Section 144C of the Act are applicable. The only difference in these two Petitions is that in these cases it was the original order of assessment which was required to be passed within the period of limitation set out in Section 153 of the Act."

Outcome seems that all original orders passed under DRP route are time-barred. This could never have been the legislative intent. Vast differences in facts.

Supreme Court stays order "...the impugned judgment shall not be cited as a precedent in any other subsequent matter until further orders. We also clarify that the operative portion of the judgment shall apply only insofar as the respondents herein are in question."



Quashes Assessment Order not in compliance with Section 144C

Flextronics Technologies India Pvt Ltd [TS-63-HC-2023(KAR)-TP]

Hon'ble High Court had admitted Revenue's appeal to consider inter-alia following questions of law:

"(ii) Whether ITAT is right in holding final assessment order as bad on the ground that AO has not passed order as per DRP's directions;"

HC HELD:

- Under Section 144C the Assessing Officer is bound by the directions issued by the DRP and required to pass the assessment order in conformity with the directions issued within one month from the end of month in which such directions are issued.
- The Assessing Officer has rightly passed the order within time. But it is relevant to note that the said order is not in conformity with Section 144C of the IT Act. Hence, no exception can be taken to the impugned order passed by the Tribunal.
- Hon'ble Tribunal in its order has quashed the final assessment order being not in conformity with the DRP's direction.

APM Terminals Private Limited [TS-633-ITAT-2023(Mum)-TP]

As per section 144C(13) of the Act, the A.O. should have passed the final assessment order, within one month from the end of the month in which such direction is received. Accordingly, as per the timelines prescribed in Section 144C of the Act, the AO order was required to be passed on 30 June 2022 in the instance case.

Hon'ble Tribunal has considered the above facts and have held the final AO order as barred by limitation and non-est in the eyes of law.

Question and Answer...



Thank You

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